SAFETY DATA SHEET



8-214 HS Scratch Resistant Clear Coat

| Section 1. Identifie | cation |
|--|--|
| Product identifier | : 8-214 HS Scratch Resistant Clear Coat |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Relevant identified uses of t | he substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Identified uses | |
| Use in coatings - Clearcoat | |
| Uses advised against Not applicable. | |
| Supplier's details | |
| Manufacturer | : Valspar b.v. Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201 |
| Emergency telephone number | : Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime) |
| Supplier | Valspar Automotive Australia Pty Limited 4 Hawke Street Kincumber NSW 2251 AUSTRALIA T: +612 4368 4054 E: autoinfo@valspar.com www.de-beer.com |
| Emergency telephone number | : CHEMTREC +(61) 290372994 (Available 24hrs/7 days a week) Poisons Information Centre: Australia 131 126 |
| Section 2. Hazard | (s) identification |
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : WARNING |
| Hazard statements | : Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Precautionary statements Prevention | : Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames |
| | and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour. |

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1/14

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

| Response | IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Storage | : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : Not applicable. |
| | |

| Other hazards which do not | : None known. |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| result in classification | |

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name | % (w/w) | CAS number | |
|---|-----------|-------------|--|
| n-butyl acetate | ≥10 - ≤30 | 123-86-4 | |
| xylene | ≤8 | 1330-20-7 | |
| ethylbenzene | ≤1.9 | 100-41-4 | |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | ≤3 | 108-65-6 | |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5- (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-ω-hydroxy- | ≤1 | 104810-48-2 | |
| Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivate II | ≤1 | 104810-47-1 | |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | ≤0.3 | 82919-37-7 | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| <u>Description of necessary first aid measures</u> | | |
|--|---|--|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. | |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. | |
| Skin contact | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. | |

2/14

Section 4. First aid measures

| Section 4. First a | a measures |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Most important symptoms/e | |
| Potential acute health effe | <u>ets</u> |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Skin contact | : May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| Over-exposure signs/sym | itoms |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |
| Indication of immediate me | lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing the resumption with water before remaining it, or wear gloves |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. |

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
|--|--|
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| Hazchem code | : •3Y |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear |
|---------------------|--|
| | appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be |

4/14

Section 7. Handling and storage

| | | hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---------------------------------|--|
| n-butyl acetate | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| xylene | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)] STEL: 655 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 80 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Individual protection measures

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|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|------|

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) Viton® >= 0.7 mm < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: EN 405:2001 + A1:2009 organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter FFA2P3 R D |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|---|---------------------------|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : Colourless. |
| Odour | : Fruity. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not applicable. |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : >100°C (>212°F) |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: 30°C (86°F) |
| Evaporation rate | : 1 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability | : Not available. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | | /er: 0.8% ber: 7.6% | |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Vapour pressure | : 1.5 kPa (11.25 mm Hg) | | |
| Relative vapour density | : 4 [A | ir = 1] | |
| Relative density | : 1.00 |)1 | |
| Density | : 1.00 | 01 g/cm³ | |
| Solubility(ies) | : | | |
| Media | | Result | |
| cold water hot water | | Not soluble Not soluble | |
| Solubility in water | : Not | applicable. | |
| Miscible with water | : No. | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not | applicable. | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : 415°C (779°F) | | |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not | : Not applicable. | |
| Viscosity | : Kine | ematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt) | |
| Particle characteristics | | | |
| Median particle size | : Not | applicable. | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------|--------------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 390 ppm | 4 hours |
| - | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >21.1 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >14112 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10760 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat - Male | 29000 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12126 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 6350 ppm | 4 hours |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12126 mg/kg | - |
|---|-------------|--------|-------------|---|
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8532 mg/kg | - |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α- [3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) -5-(1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxyphenyl] -1-oxopropyl]-ω-hydroxy- | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Hydroxyphenyl- benzotriazole derivate II | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate | LD50 Oral | Rat | >3230 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| n-butyl acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
| - | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 uL | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 % | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| - | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| n-butyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| xylene ethylbenzene | Category 2 Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on likely routes of exposure | 1 | Not available. |
|--|---|---|
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | 1 | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Skin contact | : | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| Short term exposure | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-------|
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. | |
| Potential delayed effects | Not available. | |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. | |
| Potential delayed effects | Not available. | |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>s</u> | |
| Not available. | | |
| General | Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently ex to very low levels. | posed |
| Carcinogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Mutagenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Reproductive toxicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 8-214 HS Scratch Resistant Clear Coat n-butyl acetate xylene | N/A 10760 4300 | 15622.5 N/A 1100 | | 628.9 N/A 29000 | N/A N/A N/A |
| ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 3500 8532 | 12126 | N/A | 11 N/A | N/A N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

| т | oxi | c | itv |
|---|-----|---|-----|
| _ | | - | |

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|----------|
| n-butyl acetate | Acute EC50 397 mg/l | Algae - Selenastrum | 72 hours |
| | | capricornutum | |
| | Acute EC50 44 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 32 mg/I Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia salina | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 18 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute NOEC 200 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| xylene | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l | Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 408 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 134 mg/l | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α- [3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) -5-(1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxyphenyl] -1-oxopropyl]-ω-hydroxy- | Acute LC50 2.8 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivate II | Acute LC50 2.8 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate | Acute EC50 0.22 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.9 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute NOEC 6.3 mg/l | Daphnia | 21 days |

Persistence and degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inoculum | |
|---|--|-----------------|------------|------|--------------------|--|
| n-butyl acetate | OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test | >80 % - 5 days | | - | - | |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | OECD 302B Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/ EMPA Test | 100 % - 28 days | | - | - | |
| | OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test | 83 % - 28 days | | - | - | |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | ; | Biodegradability | |
| n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | - | | - | | Readily Readily | |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| n-butyl acetate xylene ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 2.3 3.12 3.6 1.2 | - 8.1 to 25.9 - - | low low low low |

Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K_{oc})

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| • | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--|
| | ADG | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA | |
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | Paint | |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| Packing group | 111 | | 111 | Ш | |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | |

Additional information

| ADG | : | Hazchem code •3Y Special provisions 163, 223, 367 |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| ADR/RID | : | <u>Hazard identification number</u> 30 <u>Limited quantity</u> 5 L <u>Special provisions</u> 163, 640E, 650, 367 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E) |
| IMDG | : | Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 163, 223, 367, 955 |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : | Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. Special provisions A3, A72, A192 |
| Special precautions for user | : | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Standard for the Uniform | <u>Scheduling of N</u> | <u>ledicines and Poisons</u> | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| 7 | | | |
| Model Work Health and Sa | afety Regulatior | s - Scheduled Substance | <u>'S</u> |
| No listed substance | | | |
| International regulations | | | |
| Chemical Weapon Conve | ention List Sche | dules I, II & III Chemicals | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| Montreal Protocol | | | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| Stockholm Convention o | on Persistent Or | ganic Pollutants | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| Rotterdam Convention o | n Prior Informe | d Consent (PIC) | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| UNECE Aarhus Protocol | on POPs and H | eavy Metals | |
| ONLOL Admus Protocol | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12/16/2022 | Date of previous issue | :12/16/2022 |

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

| Inventory list | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Australia | : All components are listed or exempted. | |
| Canada | : All components are listed or exempted. | |
| China | : All components are listed or exempted. | |
| Eurasian Economic Union | : Russian Federation inventory: Not determined. | |
| Japan | : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. | |
| New Zealand | : All components are listed or exempted. | |
| Philippines | : Not determined. | |
| Republic of Korea | : All components are listed or exempted. | |
| Taiwan | : All components are listed or exempted. | |
| Thailand | : Not determined. | |
| Turkey | : Not determined. | |
| United States | : Not determined. | |
| Viet Nam | : Not determined. | |

Section 16. Any other relevant information

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing | : 12/16/2022 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12/16/2022 |
| Date of previous issue | : 12/16/2022 |
| Version | : 1 |
| Key to abbreviations | ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations |

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|--|---|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 | On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method |

References

: Not available.

\blacktriangleright Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Any other relevant information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.